Breathing Patterns, Ineffective related to COPD Asthma Frequent upper respiratory infections Decreased lung compliance Aspiration As evidenced by: Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when lying flat Resident will demonstrate an effective respiratory rate, depth, and effort Monitor lung sounds, pallor, cough, and character of sputum Adjust head of bed and body positioning to assist ease of respirations Arrange activities to allow adequate rest, and increase activities as tolerated Teach resident proper breathing techniques such as diaphragmatic and pursed lip breathing Instruct resident in relaxation techniques Monitor respiratory rate, depth, and effort Monitor lung sounds, pallor, cough, and character of sputum Adjust head of bed and body positioning to assist ease of respirations Instruct resident in relaxation techniques Monitor resident's anxiety, and give support and assist as needed Administer medications, respiratory treatments, and oxygen as ordered See Respiratory Medication care plan Monitor lab reports Respiratory therapy as ordered	RESIDENT						
related to COPD Asthma Frequent upper respiratory infections Decreased lung compliance Aspiration As evidenced by: Shortness of breath or trouble breathing with exertion During walking, bathing, transferring Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when lying flat Resident is short of breath unless more than one pillow used or head of the bed raised an effective respiratory rate, depth, and pattern Monitor lung sounds, pallor, cough, and character of sputum Adjust head of bed and body positioning to assist ease of respirations Arrange activities to allow adequate rest, and increase activities as tolerated Teach resident proper breathing techniques such as diaphragmatic and pursed lip breathing Instruct resident in relaxation techniques Monitor resident's anxiety, and give support and assist as needed Administer medications, respiratory treatments, and oxygen as ordered See Respiratory Medication care plan Monitor lab reports	DATE	PROBLEM	GOAL		INTERVENTIONS		
		related to COPD Asthma Frequent upper respiratory infections Decreased lung compliance Aspiration As evidenced by: Shortness of breath or trouble breathing with exertion During walking, bathing, transferring Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when sitting at rest Shortness of breath or trouble breathing when lying flat Resident is short of breath unless more than one pillow	an effective respiratory rate, depth, and pattern Resident will demonstrate increased activity tolerance		Monitor lung sounds, pallor, cough, and character of sputum Adjust head of bed and body positioning to assist ease of respirations Arrange activities to allow adequate rest, and increase activities as tolerated Teach resident proper breathing techniques such as diaphragmatic and pursed lip breathing Instruct resident in relaxation techniques Monitor resident's anxiety, and give support and assist as needed Administer medications, respiratory treatments, and oxygen as ordered See Respiratory Medication care plan Monitor lab reports		